

# The ***b*-branching** problem in digraphs

**Naonori Kakimura**

Keio Univ, JPN

**Naoyuki Kamiyama**

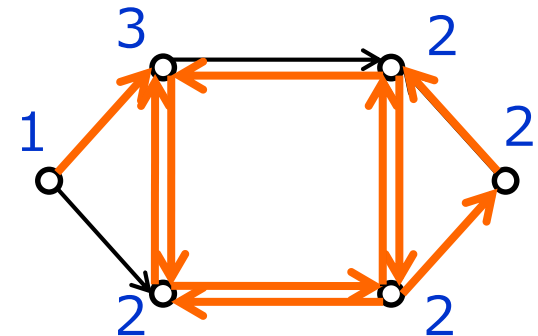
Kyushu Univ & JST PRESTO, JPN

**Kenjiro Takazawa**

Hosei Univ, JPN

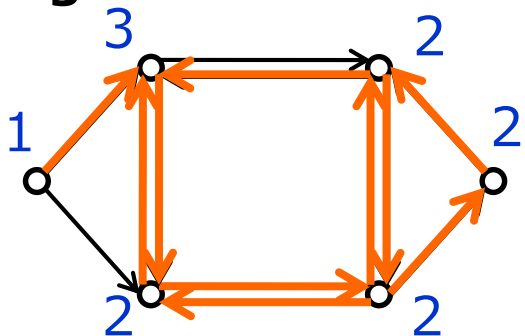
MFCS 2018 @ Liverpool, UK

Aug. 27-31, 2018



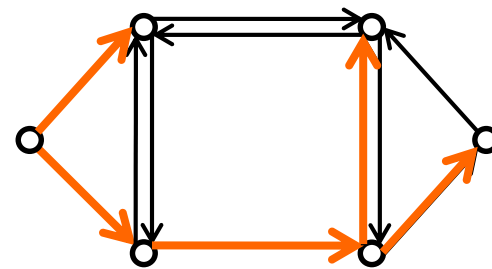
## *b*-branching [This talk]

- Algorithm
- Packing theorem



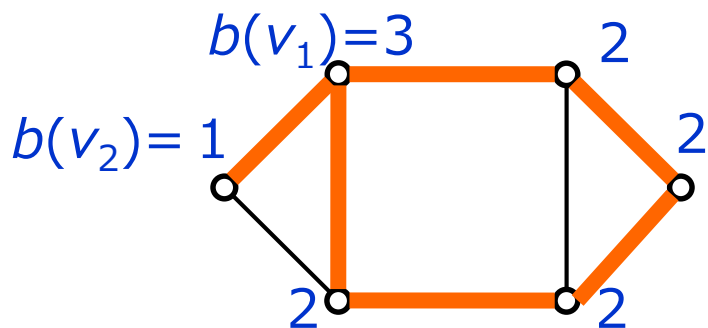
## Branching

- Algorithm [Chu & Liu 65, etc.]
- Packing theorem [Edmonds 73]



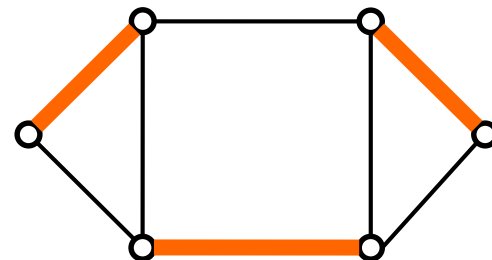
## *b*-matching

- Min-max theorem [Tutte 54]
- Algorithm [Marsh 79]



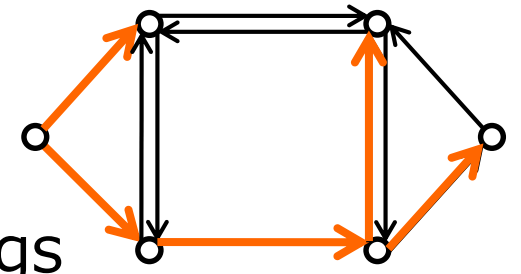
## Matching

- Min-max theorem [Tutte 47]  
[Berge 58]
- Algorithm [Edmonds 65]



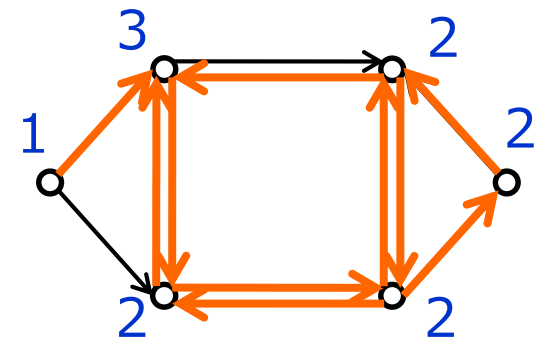
- Introduction: Branching

- Partition matroid  $\cap$  Graphic matroid
- Algorithm
- Theorem for packing disjoint branchings



- Our result: *b*-branching

- Partition matroid  $\cap$  Sparsity matroid
- **Algorithm**
- **Theorem for packing disjoint *b*-branchings**



## ◆ Digraph $(V, A)$

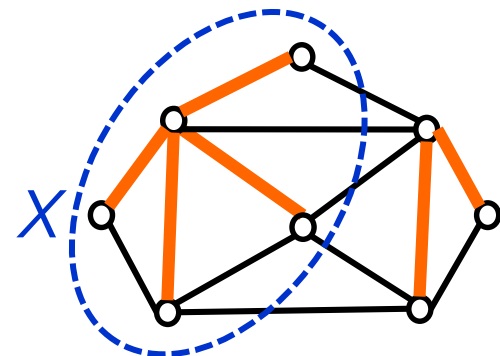
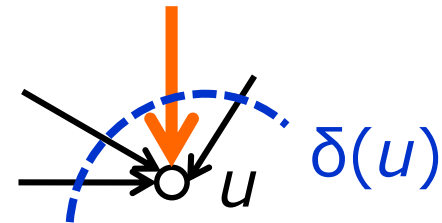
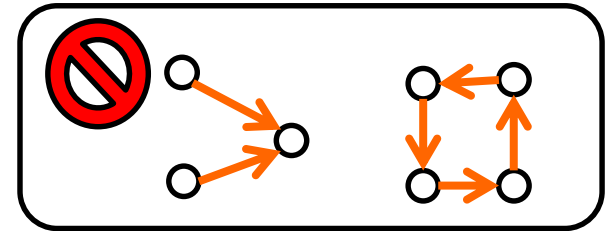
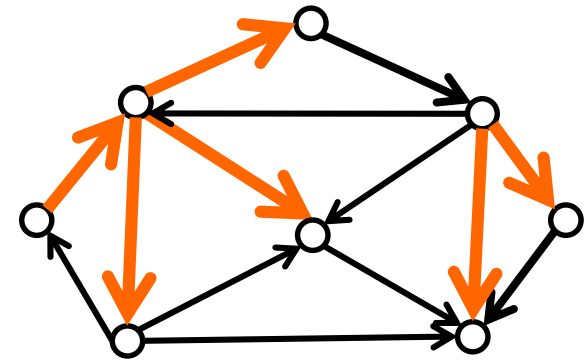
### Definition

- $B \subseteq A$  is a **branching**  $\Leftrightarrow$ 
  - (i)  $\text{indeg}(u) \leq 1 \quad (u \in V)$
  - (ii) No undirected cycle

### Fact

Special case of **Matroid intersection**  
(👉 Next slide)

- (i): **Partition matroid**
  - ✓  $A = \delta^{\text{in}}(u_1) \cup \delta^{\text{in}}(u_2) \cup \dots \cup \delta^{\text{in}}(u_n)$
  - ✓  $|B \cap \delta^{\text{in}}(u_i)| \leq 1 \quad (i=1,2,\dots,n)$
- (ii): **Graphic matroid**
  - ✓  $|B[X]| \leq |X| - 1 \quad (\emptyset \neq X \subseteq V)$



- ◆ Matroids  $\mathbf{M}_1=(A, \mathcal{I}_1)$ ,  $\mathbf{M}_2=(A, \mathcal{I}_2)$
- ◆ Weight  $w \in \mathbf{R}^A$

## Weighted matroid intersection problem

- Find  $B \in \mathcal{I}_1 \cap \mathcal{I}_2$  maximizing  $w(B) = \sum_{a \in B} w(a)$

### ➤ Solved in polynomial time

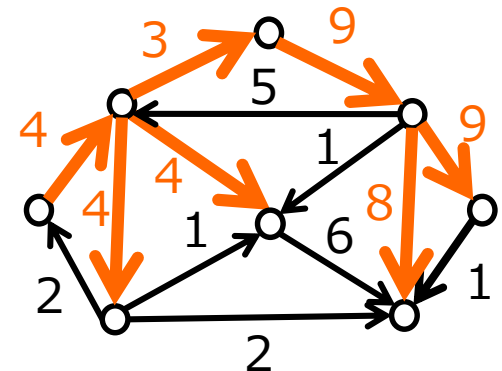
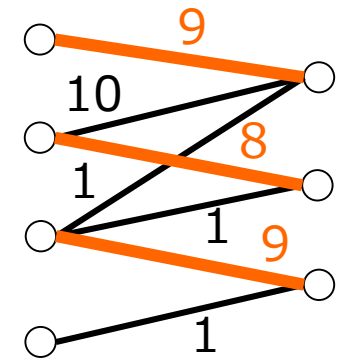
- ✓ Augmenting-path algorithm [Edmonds 70]

### ● Example 1 : **Bipartite matching**

- ✓  $\mathbf{M}_1$ : Partition matroid
- ✓  $\mathbf{M}_2$ : Partition matroid

### ● Example 2 : **Branching**

- ✓  $\mathbf{M}_1$ : Partition matroid
- ✓  $\mathbf{M}_2$ : Graphic matroid



- ◆ Properties (A),(B): Not true for general matroid intersection

## Property (A)

**Greedy-type algorithm** for max weight branching

[Chu-Liu 65, Edmonds 67, Bock 71, Fulkerson 74]

- **NOT** true for **bipartite matching (!)**

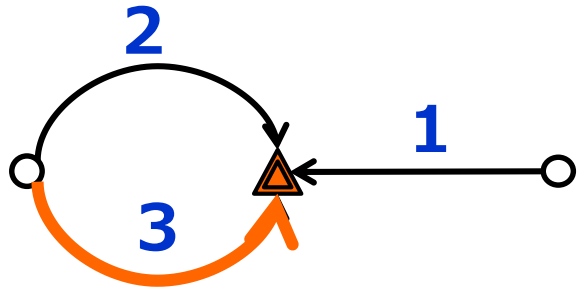
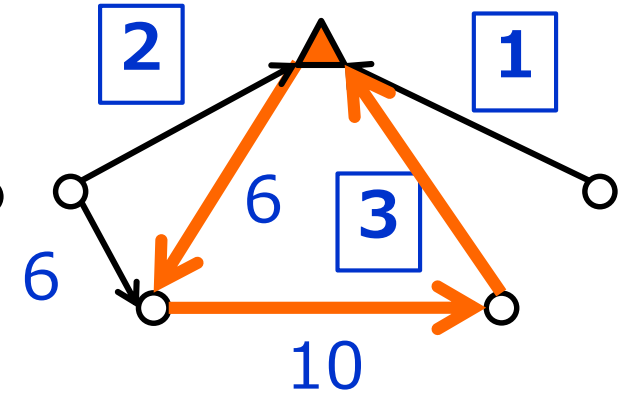
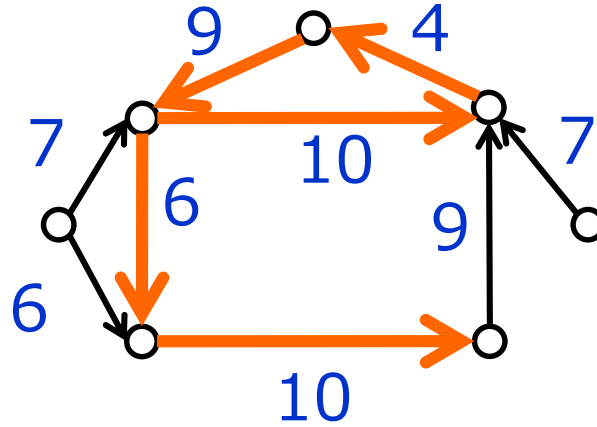
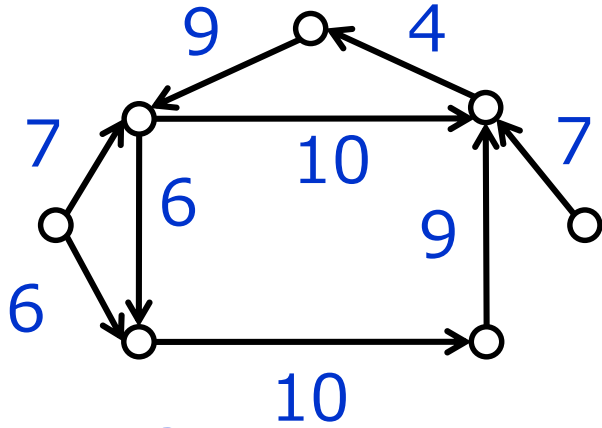
## Property (B)

**Theorem for packing disjoint branchings** [Edmonds 73]

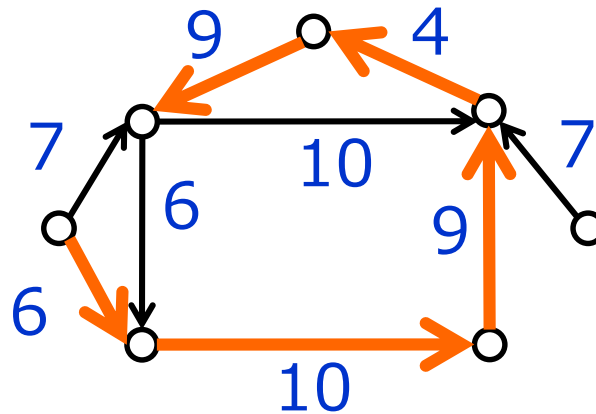
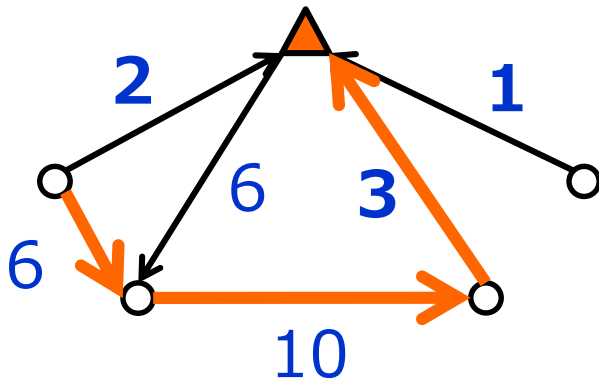
- Also holds for
  - Bipartite matching (Kőnig's edge-coloring theorem)
  - Strongly base orderable matroid intersection [Davies, McDiarmid 76]
  - Matroids without  $(k + 1)$ -spanned elements [Kotlar, Ziv 05]  
[T., Yokoi 18]

# (A) Greedy-type Algorithm

[Chu-Liu 65, Edmonds 67, Bock 71, Fulkerson 74]



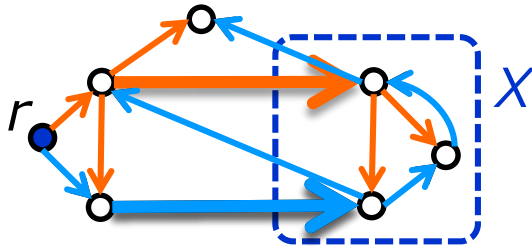
$$\begin{aligned} 2 &= 7 + 4 - 9 \\ 3 &= 9 + 4 - 10 \\ 1 &= 7 + 4 - 10 \end{aligned}$$



**Theorem** [Edmonds 67, Bock 71, Fulkerson 74]

Digraph  $D$  has **one**  $r$ -arborescence

$$\Leftrightarrow |\delta^{\text{in}}(X)| \geq 1 \quad (\emptyset \neq X \subseteq V \setminus \{r\})$$



**Disjoint Arborescences Theorem** [Edmonds 73]

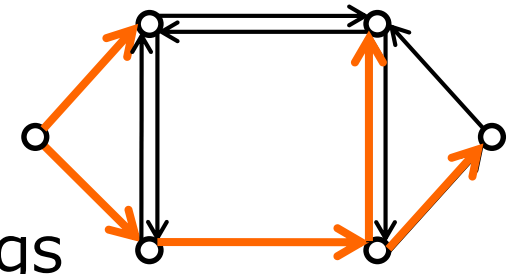
Digraph  $D$  has  **$k$  arc-disjoint**  $r$ -arborescence

$$\Leftrightarrow |\delta^{\text{in}}(X)| \geq k \quad (\emptyset \neq X \subseteq V \setminus \{r\})$$



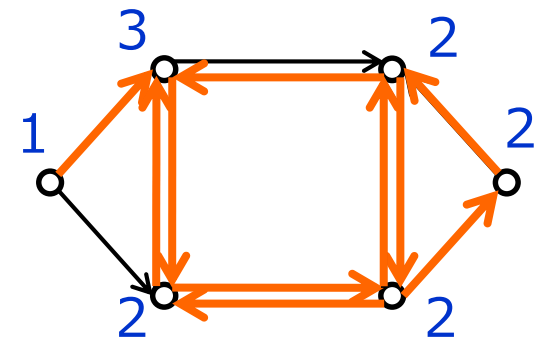
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- Our result: *b*-branching

- Partition matroid  $\cap$  Sparsity matroid
- **Algorithm**
- **Theorem for packing disjoint *b*-branchings**



- ◆ Digraph  $(V, A)$
- ◆ Positive integer vector  $\mathbf{b} \in \mathbf{Z}^V$  on  $V$

## Definition

- $B \subseteq A$  is a  **$b$ -branching**  $\Leftrightarrow$

$$\begin{cases} \text{(i) } \text{indeg}_B(u) \leq b(u) & (u \in V) \\ \text{(ii) } |B[X]| \leq b(X) - \mathbf{1} & (\emptyset \neq X \subseteq V) \end{cases}$$

- Branching:  $b(u)=1$

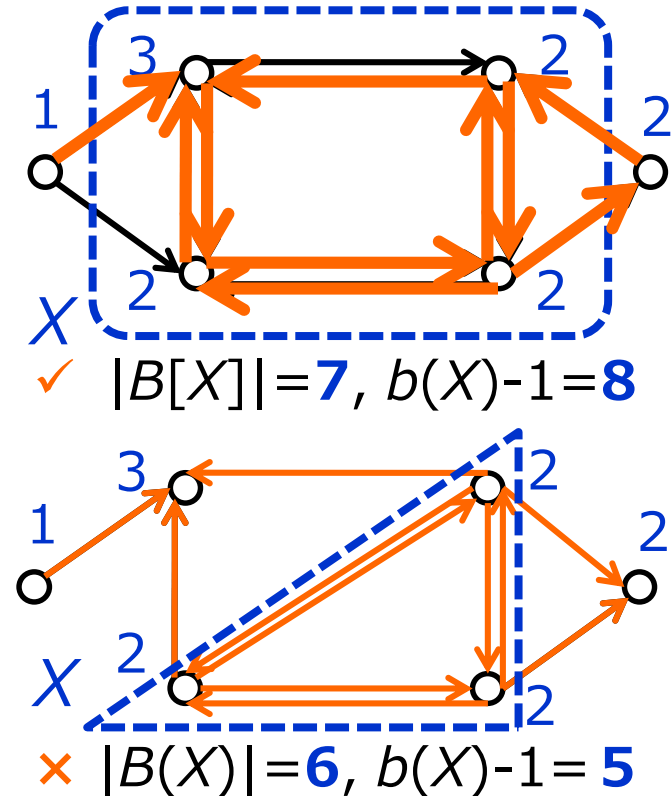
- (i): Direct sum of **uniform matroids**
- (ii): **Sparsity matroid**

## Sparsity matroid [cf. Frank 11]

Graph  $G=(V,E)$ , Vector  $\mathbf{b} \in \mathbf{Z}^V$ , Integer  $k \geq 0$

- $\{B \subseteq E : |B[X]| \leq b(X) - k\}$  is an independent set family of a matroid

- ✓  $k$  disjoint branchings:  $\text{indeg}(u) \leq k \quad (u \in V)$   
 $|B[X]| \leq k|X| - k \quad (\emptyset \neq U \subseteq V)$



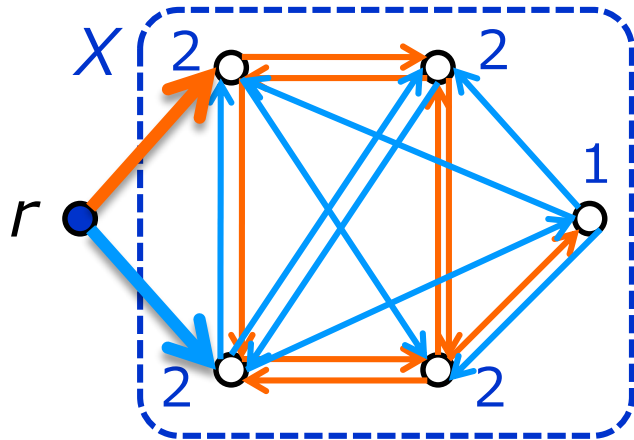
## Property (A) [Our result]

**Greedy-type algorithm** for max weight  $b$ -branching

- More tractable than **bipartite matching**

## Property (B) [Our result]

**Theorem for packing disjoint  $b$ -branchings**  
+ **Integer decomposition property** of the polytope



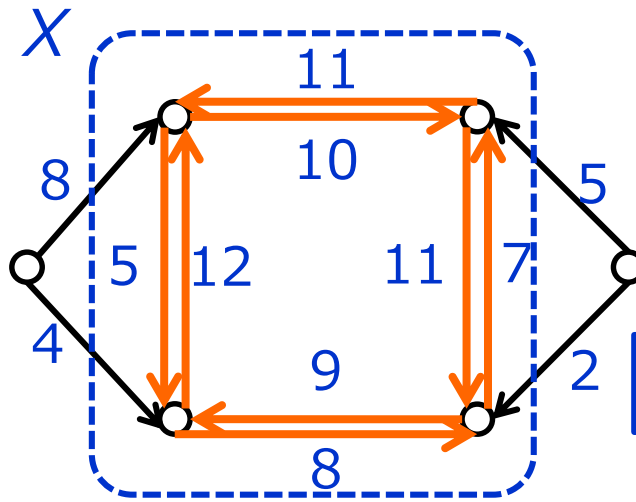
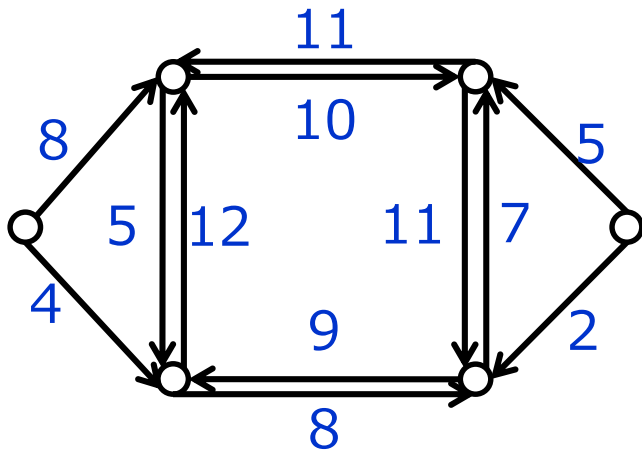
## $b$ -branching polytope

$$\begin{aligned}x(\delta(u)) &\leq b(u) && (u \in V) \\x(A[X]) &\leq b(X) - 1 && (\emptyset \neq X \subseteq V) \\x(a) &\geq 0 && (a \in A)\end{aligned}$$

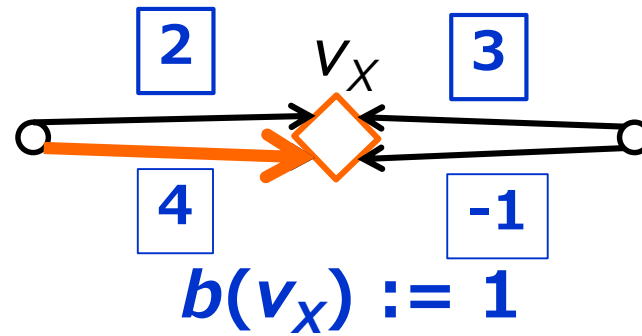
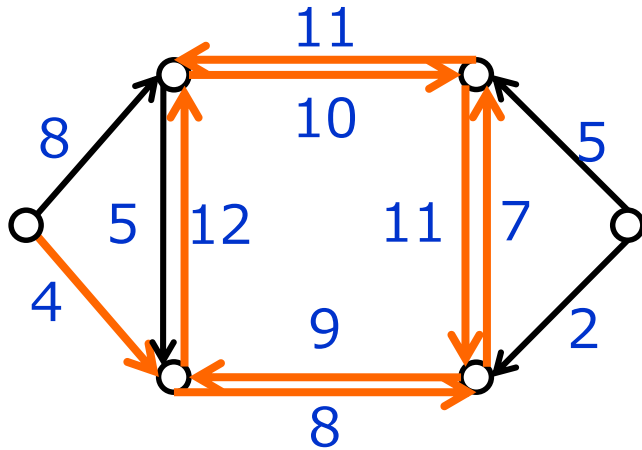
- $|\delta(u)| \geq k \cdot b(u)$  ( $u \in V \setminus \{r\}$ )
- $|\delta(X)| \geq k$  ( $\emptyset \neq X \subseteq V \setminus \{r\}$ )

# (A) Greedy-type Algorithm

$$b(u) = 2 \quad (\forall u \in V)$$



$$|B[X]| = b(X)$$

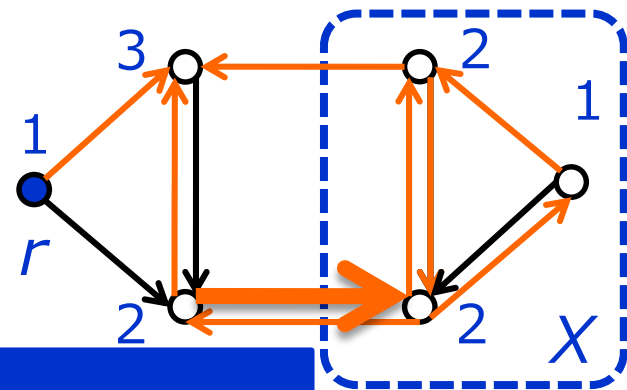


$$\begin{aligned} 2 &= 8 + 5 - 11 \\ 4 &= 4 + 5 - 5 \\ 3 &= 5 + 5 - 7 \\ -1 &= 2 + 5 - 8 \end{aligned}$$

## Theorem

$b$ -branching with  $\text{indeg}(u)=b(u)$  ( $u \in V \setminus \{r\}$ )  $\Leftrightarrow$

- $|\delta^{\text{in}}(u)| \geq b(u)$  ( $u \in V \setminus \{r\}$ )
- $|\delta^{\text{in}}(X)| \geq 1$  ( $\emptyset \neq X \subseteq V \setminus \{r\}$ )



## Theorem

$k$  disjoint  $b$ -branchings with  $\text{indeg}(u)=b(u)$  ( $u \in V \setminus \{r\}$ )  $\Leftrightarrow$

- $|\delta^{\text{in}}(u)| \geq k \cdot b(u)$  ( $u \in V \setminus \{r\}$ )
- $|\delta^{\text{in}}(X)| \geq k$  ( $\emptyset \neq X \subseteq V \setminus \{r\}$ )

Th. [Edmonds 67, Bock 71, Fulkerson 74]

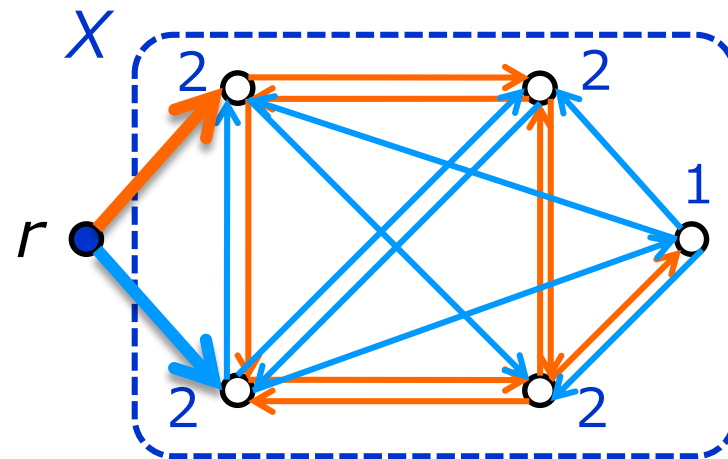
$r$ -arborescence

$\Leftrightarrow |\delta^{\text{in}}(X)| \geq 1$  ( $\emptyset \neq X \subseteq V \setminus \{r\}$ )

Th. [Edmonds 73]

$k$  disjoint  $r$ -arborescence

$\Leftrightarrow |\delta^{\text{in}}(X)| \geq k$  ( $\emptyset \neq X \subseteq V \setminus \{r\}$ )



## Theorem [Recap]

$k$  disjoint  $b$ -branchings with  $\text{indeg}(u)=b(u)$  ( $u \in V \setminus \{r\}$ ) exist  $\Leftrightarrow$

- $|\delta(u)| \geq k \cdot b(u)$  ( $u \in V \setminus \{r\}$ )
- $|\delta(X)| \geq k$  ( $\emptyset \neq X \subseteq V \setminus \{r\}$ )

## Theorem

Packing  $b$ -branchings in **strongly polynomial time**:

- ① Existence
- ② Find a packing
- ③ Find a minimum-cost packing

- ① **Min-cut** algorithm
- ② **Min-cut** algorithm  $k \cdot b(V) \cdot |A|$  ( $\leq |A|^2$ ) times
- ③ **Submodular-flow** algorithm

## Theorem [Recap]

$k$  disjoint  $\mathbf{b}$ -branchings with  $\text{indeg}(u) = b(u)$  ( $u \in V \setminus \{r\}$ )  $\Leftrightarrow$

- $|\delta(u)| \geq k \cdot b(u)$  ( $u \in V \setminus \{r\}$ )
- $|\delta(X)| \geq k$  ( $\emptyset \neq X \subseteq V \setminus \{r\}$ )

## Theorem

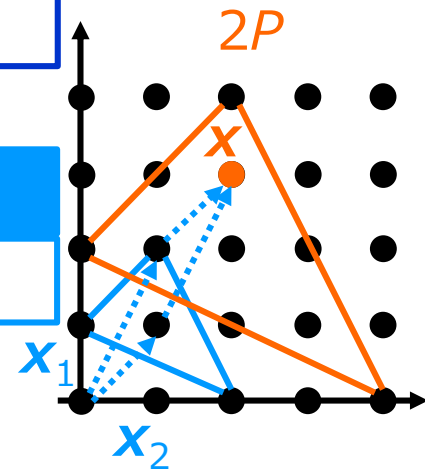
The  $\mathbf{b}$ -branching polytope:

- $x(\delta u) \leq b(u)$  ( $u \in V$ )
- $x(A[X]) \leq b(X) - 1$  ( $\emptyset \neq X \subseteq V$ )
- $0 \leq x(a) \leq 1$  ( $a \in A$ )

has the **integer decomposition property**

## Integer decomposition property of a polytope $P$

$\forall k \in \mathbf{Z}_{++}, \forall \mathbf{x} \in kP \cap \mathbf{Z}^A, \mathbf{x} = \mathbf{x}_1 + \dots + \mathbf{x}_k$  ( $\mathbf{x}_1, \dots, \mathbf{x}_k \in P \cap \mathbf{Z}^A$ )



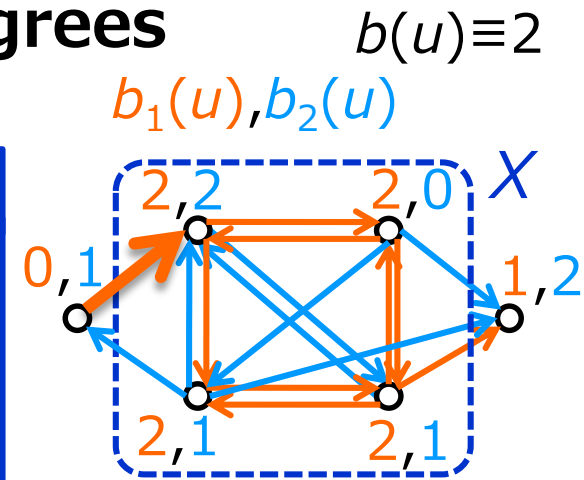
- Packing **b**-branchings with **different indegrees**

$\mathbf{b}_1, \mathbf{b}_2, \dots, \mathbf{b}_k \in \mathbf{Z}^V$  (with  $\mathbf{b}_i \leq \mathbf{b}$ )

## Theorem

Disjoint **b**-branchings  $B_1, B_2, \dots, B_k$   
 with  $\text{indeg}_{B_i}(u) = b_i(u)$  ( $u \in V, i = 1, 2, \dots, k$ )  $\Leftrightarrow$

- $|\delta(v)| \geq \sum_{i=1}^k b_i(v)$  ( $v \in V$ )
- $|\delta(X)| \geq |\{i \in [k] : b_i(X) = b(X) \neq 0\}|$  ( $\emptyset \neq X \subseteq V$ )



$\rightarrow |\delta(X)| \geq 1$

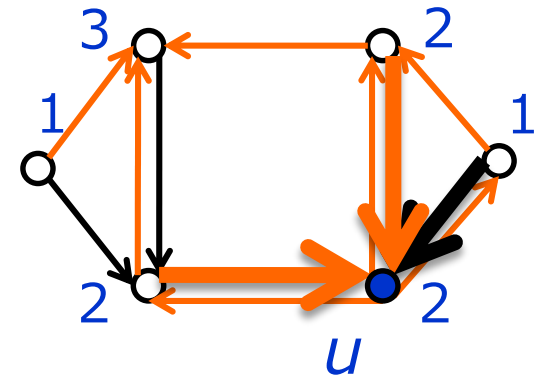
- **Matroid-restricted b-branching**

Each  $u \in V$  associated with a matroid  $\mathbf{M}_u = (\delta(u), \mathcal{J}_u)$

## Definition

- $B \subseteq A$  is a **matroid-restricted b-branching**  $\Leftrightarrow$

- (i)  $B \cap \delta(u) \in \mathcal{J}_u$  ( $u \in V$ )
- (ii)  $|B[X]| \leq b(X) - 1$  ( $\emptyset \neq X \subseteq V$ )

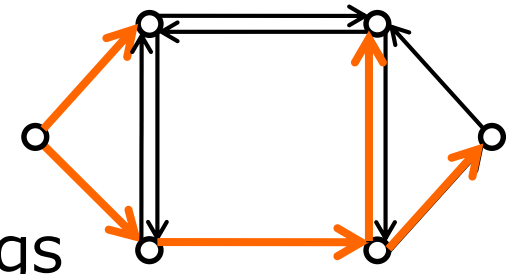


- Greedy-type algorithm can be extended



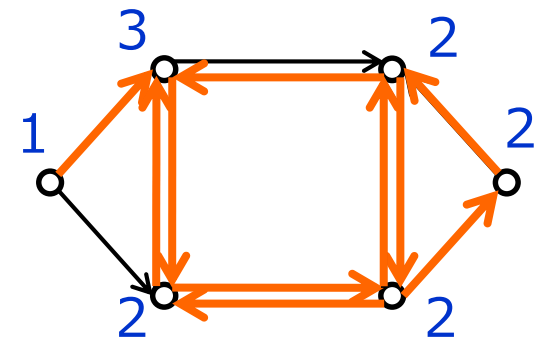
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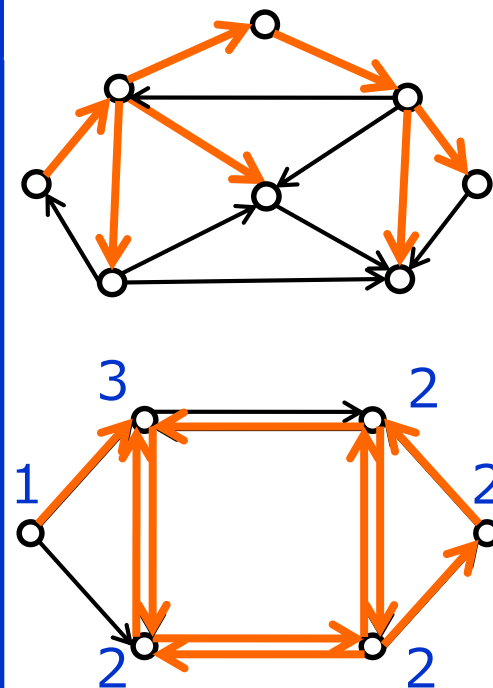
- Our result: *b*-branching

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- **Algorithm**
- **Theorem for packing disjoint *b*-branchings**



## Summary

- **$b$ -branchings** in digraphs
  - $\text{indeg}(u) \leq b(u)$ 
    - ✓ Matching  $\rightarrow$   $b$ -matching
    - ✓ Branching  $\rightarrow$   $b$ -branching
  - Other matroid = **Sparsity matroid**
  - Heritage from branchings:
    - ✓ **Greedy-type algorithm**
    - ✓ **Packing theorem**
    - ✓ **Integer decomposition property**



## Future work

- Other class of matroid intersection admitting greedy-type algorithm ?
- Extending other results on branchings ?

